



Who Said we Need to Relax All Variables?

Michael Katz, et al. 2013



Red-Black Planning

- Only relax some variables (colored **red**)
 - Accumulate values monotonically (delete-relaxed)
- Keep other variables unrelaxed (colored **black**)
 - Their values change back and forth
- Balancing computational complexity and heuristic accuracy



Achieving computational efficiency

- Number of black variables
 - Limit the number of black variables to a fixed number
- Domain size of black variables
 - Limit the size of the domain for each black variable
- Fewer realistic constraints that must be maintained explicitly

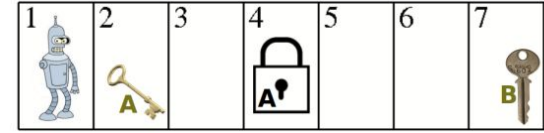


Polynomial-Time Result

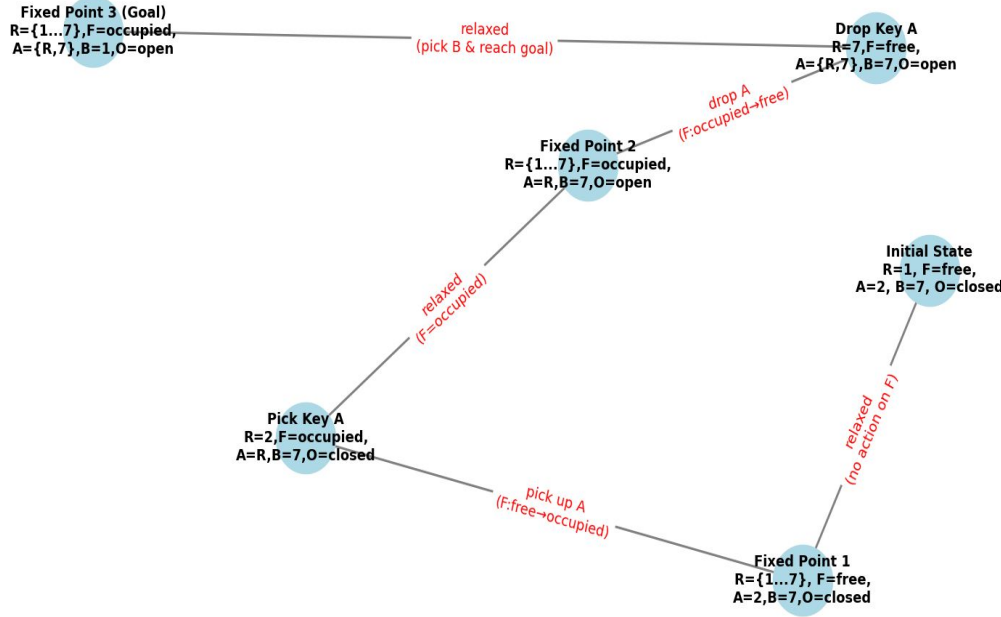
Theorem 1:

Planning for RB tasks with a fixed number of black variables, each having a fixed-size domain, is solvable in polynomial time.

Single Black Variable Case



Hand status F is the only black variable



Algorithm : RB2-PLANGEN(Π)

main

$\Pi = \langle \{v_0\}, V^R, A, I, G \rangle$

$R \leftarrow I$

$R \leftarrow R \cup \text{RELAXEDFIXEDPOINT}(A_\emptyset \cup A_{I[v_0]})$

if $G \subseteq R$

then return "solvable"

for $I[v_0] \neq d \in \mathcal{D}(v_0), a_1 \in A_{I[v_0] \rightarrow d}$ s.t. $\text{pre}(a_1) \subseteq R$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} R \leftarrow R \llbracket a_1 \rrbracket \\ R \leftarrow R \cup \text{RELAXEDFIXEDPOINT}(A_\emptyset \cup A_d) \end{array} \right.$

if $G \subseteq R$

then return "solvable"

do **for** $a_2 \in A_{d \rightarrow I[v_0]}$ s.t. $\text{pre}(a_2) \subseteq R$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{everywhere in } \Pi \text{ and } R, \\ \text{replace } I[v_0] \text{ and } d \text{ with a new value } d_{\{I[v_0], d\}} \end{array} \right.$

do $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} R \leftarrow R \cup \text{RELAXEDFIXEDPOINT}(A) \\ \text{if } G \subseteq R \end{array} \right.$

then return "solvable"

return "unsolvable"



Limitations of Polynomial-Time Result

- **Theorem 2:** Plan existence for RB tasks with a fixed number of black variables is NP-complete
 - Fixed number of black variables, unbounded domains -> NP-complete
- **Theorem 3:** Plan existence for RB tasks where all black variables have fixed-size domains is PSPACE-complete
 - Unbounded number of black variables, fixed-size domains -> PSPACE-complete



Practical Heuristic Computation

- Full delete-relaxation heuristics **underestimate** true planning costs
- Red-Black heuristics substantially improve heuristic accuracy
 - Directly computing the optimal RB heuristic is NP-hard
 - Focus only on tractable fragments



Perfect Red-Black Heuristics

- Identifying useful, tractable fragments
 - rSCC (Reversible Strongly Connected Components)
 - Solvable in polynomial-time
- A Simple Condition for Perfect Red-Black Heuristics
 - **Lemma 4:** If the chosen red variables have no influence on other variables, the RB heuristic will produce perfect estimates.



How the perfect heuristic condition applies to IPC Benchmarks

- LOGISTICS, MICONIC: Relaxing variables representing object/passenger locations
- SATELLITE: Relaxing variables for capturing image-taking tasks, while leaving satellite status variables black
- VISIT-ALL: Choose visited variables to be red



Conclusion

- Benefit of Red-Black heuristics
- Identifying which variables to relax - Lemma 4
- Exploiting selective relaxations is a promising direction